

<1 ページ 有理数 >

解答 (1) $\frac{1}{8} = 0.125$

(2) $\frac{7}{9} = 0.7777\cdots = 0.\dot{7}$

(3) $\frac{31}{60} = 0.516666\cdots = 0.51\dot{6}$

<2 ページ 実数 >

解答 (1) 無理数

(2) 無理数

(3) 有理数

(4) $\tan \frac{\pi}{3} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$

無理数

(5) 有理数

<3 ページ 虚数の導入 1>

解答 (1) $x = \pm 2i$

(2) $x^2 = -\frac{4}{9}$

$x = \pm \frac{2}{3}i$

(3) $x = \pm \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}i$

<4 ページ 虚数の導入 2 >

解答 (1) $x = \frac{3}{4} \pm \sqrt{3}i$

(2) $(x - 1)^2 = 2$
 $x = 1 \pm \sqrt{2}i$

(3) $x = a \pm \frac{c}{b}i$

<5 ページ 複素数の定義>

解答 (1) $a = \frac{2}{5}$, $b = \frac{3}{5}$

(2) $a = \frac{\sqrt{3} + 2}{3}$, $b = 0$

<6 ページ 複素数の四則演算 1>

解答 問 1

$$(1) (1 + i) + (1 - 3i) \\ = 2 - 2i$$

$$(3) \left(0.5 + \frac{1}{2}i\right) + \left(\frac{1}{4} + 0.5i\right) \\ = \frac{3}{4} + i$$

$$(5) (\sqrt{2} - i) - (\sqrt{3} + 2i) \\ = \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{3} - 3i$$

$$(2) (3 - 2i) + (2 + 2i) \\ = 5$$

$$(4) \left(\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{5}i\right) - \left(\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{5}i\right) \\ = 0$$

$$(6) \left(\frac{1}{4} + \sqrt{2}i\right) - \left(\frac{1}{5} - \sqrt{3}i\right) \\ = \frac{1}{20} + (\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3})i$$

問 2

$$(1) 2(3 + 2i) \\ = 6 + 4i$$

$$(3) 4(1 - 3i) + 2(2 + 2i) \\ = 4 - 12i + 4 + 4i \\ = 8 - 8i$$

$$(2) \sqrt{3} \left(\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{2}i\right) \\ = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}i$$

$$(4) \sqrt{2} \left(\sqrt{2} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}i\right) - \left(2 + \frac{1}{2}i\right) \\ = 2 - i - 2 - \frac{1}{2}i \\ = -\frac{3}{2}i$$

<7ページ 複素数の四則演算2>

解答 (1) $i^3 = -i$ (2) $i^4 = +1$ (3) $i^5 = i$

(4) $i^6 = -1$ (5) $i^7 = -i$ (6) $i^8 = 1$

(7) $(1+i)(1-i) = 1+1 = 2$

(8) $(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}i)(\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{3}i) = 2 + 3 = 5$

$$(9) \left(\frac{1 - \sqrt{3}i}{3} \right) \left(\frac{1 + \sqrt{3}i}{3} \right) = \frac{1+3}{9}$$
$$= \frac{4}{9}$$

(10) $(2+i)^2 = 4 + 4i - 1 = 3 + 4i$

(11) $(1-i)^2 = 1 - 2i - 1 = -2i$

(12) $(1+2i)(3-3i) = 3 - 3i + 6i + 6$
 $= 9 + 3i$

(13) $(4-3i)(3-i) = 12 - 4i - 9i - 3$
 $= 9 - 13i$

(14) $(3+i)^3 = 27 + 27i + 9i^2 + i^3$
 $= 27 + 27i - 9 - i$
 $= 18 + 26i$

<8 ページ 複素数の四則演算 3>

解答 (1) $\frac{1}{1+i} = \frac{1-i}{(1+i)(1-i)}$
 $= \frac{1-i}{2}$

(2) $\frac{1}{1-i} = \frac{1+i}{1^2-i^2}$
 $= \frac{1+i}{2}$

(3) $\frac{i}{1-i} = \frac{i(1+i)}{(1-i)(1+i)}$
 $= \frac{i-1}{2}$

(4) $\frac{2}{1-\sqrt{3}i} = \frac{2(1+\sqrt{3}i)}{(1-\sqrt{3}i)(1+\sqrt{3}i)}$
 $= \frac{2(1+\sqrt{3}i)}{1+3} = \frac{1+\sqrt{3}i}{2}$

(5) $\frac{1}{2+i} = \frac{2-i}{(2+i)(2-i)}$
 $= \frac{2-i}{5}$

(6) $\frac{3}{3+3i} = \frac{1}{1+i}$
 $= \frac{1-i}{2}$

(7) $\frac{1}{i(i+1)} = \frac{i}{-(i+1)}$
 $= -\frac{i(i-1)}{(i+1)(i-1)}$
 $= -\frac{-1-i}{-1-1}$
 $= -\frac{1+i}{2}$

(8) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{2}-i} = \frac{\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{2}+i)}{(\sqrt{2}-i)(\sqrt{2}+i)}$
 $= \frac{\sqrt{6}+\sqrt{3}i}{2+1}$
 $= \frac{\sqrt{6}+\sqrt{3}i}{3}$

(9) $\frac{1}{(1+i)^2} = \frac{1}{1+2i-1}$
 $= \frac{1}{2i} = \frac{i}{2i^2} = -\frac{i}{2}$

(10) $\frac{i}{(1-i)^2} = \frac{i}{1-2i-1}$
 $= \frac{i}{-2i} = -\frac{1}{2}$

<9 ページ 負の数の平方根 >

解答 (1) $= \sqrt{-24} = \sqrt{24}i = 2\sqrt{6}i$

(2) $= \sqrt{2}i \times \sqrt{4}i \times \sqrt{3}i = 2\sqrt{6}i^3 = -2\sqrt{6}i$

(3) $\frac{\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{2}i} = \frac{\sqrt{5} \times \sqrt{2}i}{2i^2} = -\frac{\sqrt{10}}{2}i$

(4) $\sqrt{\frac{5}{2}i} = \frac{\sqrt{10}}{2}i$

<10 ページ 2次方程式 >

解答 (1) $x = -1$

$$(2) x = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1-4}}{2} = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{3}i}{2}$$

$$(3) x = \frac{5 \pm \sqrt{25-48}}{4} = \frac{5 \pm \sqrt{23}i}{4}$$

<11 ページ 因数分解 1>

解答 (1) $3x^2 + 12x + 9 = 3(x^2 + 4x + 3) = 3(x + 3)(x + 1)$

(2) $2x^2 + 3x + 1 = (2x + 1)(x + 1)$

(3) $4x^2 + 4x + 4 = 4(x^2 + x + 1)$

$$= 4 \left(x - \frac{-1 + \sqrt{3}i}{2} \right) \left(x - \frac{-1 - \sqrt{3}i}{2} \right)$$

$$= (2x + 1 - \sqrt{3}i)(2x + 1 + \sqrt{3}i)$$

<12 ページ 因数分解 2>

解答 (1) $x^3 + 8 = (x + 2)(x^2 - 2x + 4)$
 $= (x + 2)(x - 1 + \sqrt{3}i)(x - 1 - \sqrt{3}i)$

(2) $x^3 - 64 = (x - 4)(x^2 + 4x + 16)$
 $= (x - 4)(x + 2 + 2\sqrt{3}i)(x + 2 - 2\sqrt{3}i)$

(3) $x^4 - 81 = (x^2 - 9)(x^2 + 9)$
 $= (x - 3)(x + 3)(x - 3i)(x + 3i)$

<13 ページ 因数分解 3>

解答 (1) $x = -2, 1 - \sqrt{3}i, 1 + \sqrt{3}i$

(2) $x = 4, -2 + 2\sqrt{3}i, -2 - 2\sqrt{3}i$

(3) $x = \pm 3, \pm 3i$

<14 ページ 共役複素数 >

解答

問1 (1) $\bar{z} = 1$

(2) $\bar{z} = -i$

(3) $\bar{z} = 2 + 5i$

(4) $\bar{z} = \frac{1+i}{2}$

問2 (1) $\frac{1}{2}(z + \bar{z})$

$$= \frac{1}{2}(2 + 3i + 2 - 3i) = 2$$

(2) $\frac{1}{2i}(z - \bar{z})$

$$= \frac{1}{2i}(2 + 3i - (2 - 3i)) = 3$$

(3) $z\bar{z}$

$$= (2 + 3i)(2 - 3i) = 2^2 + 3^2 = 13$$

問3 (1) $\frac{1}{2}(z + \bar{z}) = a$

(2) $\frac{1}{2i}(z - \bar{z}) = b$

(3) $z\bar{z} = a^2 + b^2$

<15 ページ 絶対値 >

解答

問1 (1) $|z| = 2$

(2) $|z| = 3$

(3) $|z| = \sqrt{\frac{1+3}{4}} = 1$

問2 (1) $z = 1 + i$

$$|z|^2 = 1 + 1 = 2$$

$$z^2 = (1 + i)^2$$

$$= 1 + 2i + (-1) = 2i$$

$$|z^2| = |2i| = 2$$

(2) $z = 2 - 3i$

$$|z|^2 = 2^2 + 3^2 = 13$$

$$z^2 = (2 - 3i)^2 = 4 - 12i + (-9)$$

$$= -5 - 12i$$

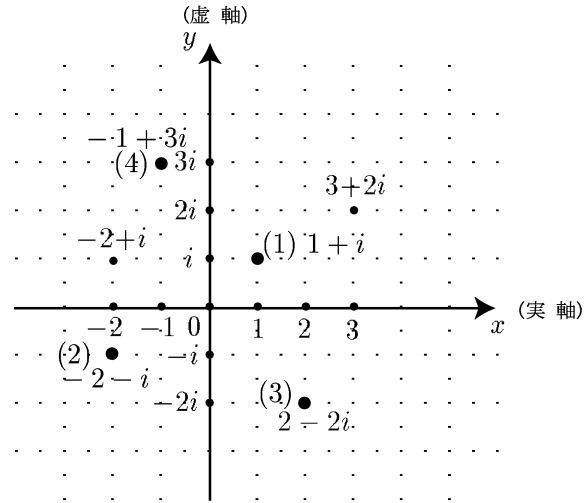
$$|z^2| = |-5 - 12i| = \sqrt{5^2 + 12^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{169} = 13$$

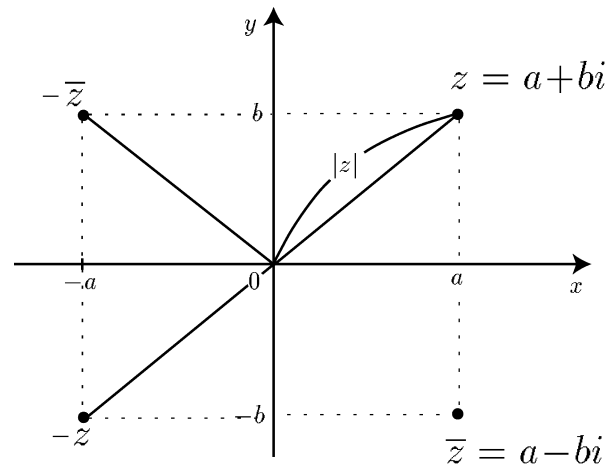
<16 ページ 複素平面 1>

解答

- 問 1
- (1) $1 + i$
 - (2) $-2 - i$
 - (3) $2 - 2i$
 - (4) $-1 + 3i$



- 問 2
- $-z = -a - bi$
 - $-\bar{z} = -(a - bi)$
 - $= -a + bi$



<17 ページ 複素平面 2>

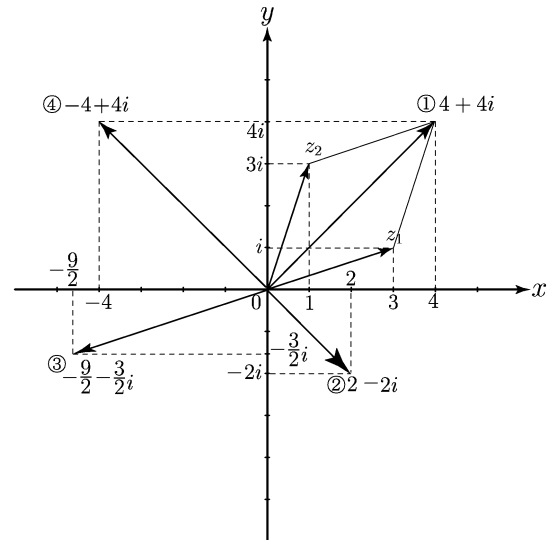
解答

問 $z_1 + z_2 = (3 + i) + (1 + 3i)$
 $= 4 + 4i$

$$z_1 - z_2 = (3 + i) - (1 + 3i)$$
$$= 2 - 2i$$

$$-\frac{3}{2}z_1 = -\frac{3}{2}(3 + i)$$
$$= -\frac{9}{2} - \frac{3}{2}i$$

$$2z_2 - 2z_1 = 2(1 + 3i) - 2(3 + i)$$
$$= 2 + 6i - (6 + 2i)$$
$$= -4 + 4i$$



<18 ページ 複素の i 倍 >

解答

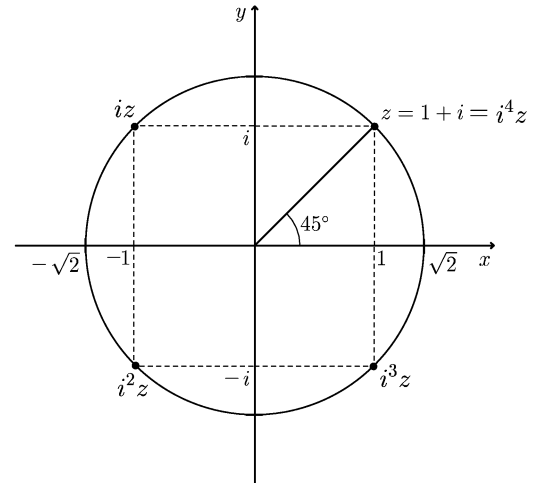
問 (1) $z = 1 + i$

$$iz = i(1 + i) = i - 1$$

$$i^2z = i(i - 1) = -1 - i$$

$$i^3z = i(-i - 1) = -i + 1$$

$$i^4z = i(-i + 1) = 1 + i$$



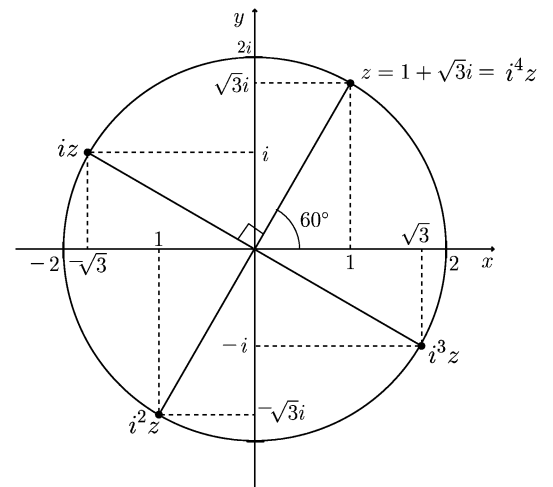
(2) $z = 1 + \sqrt{3}i$

$$iz = i(1 + \sqrt{3}i) = i - \sqrt{3}$$

$$i^2z = i(i - \sqrt{3}) = -1 - \sqrt{3}i$$

$$i^3z = i(-1 - \sqrt{3}i) = -i + \sqrt{3}$$

$$i^4z = i(-i + \sqrt{3}) = 1 + \sqrt{3}i$$



<19 ページ 絶対値 1 の複素数 >

解答

問 (1) $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}i$, (2) $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}i$, (3) $-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}i$

(4) $-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}i$, (5) $-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{1}{2}i$, (6) -1

(7) $-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{1}{2}i$, (8) $-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}i$, (9) $-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}i$

(10) $-i$, (11) $\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}i$, (12) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} - \frac{1}{2}i$

<20 ページ 極形式 1>

解答

問 (1) $i = \cos\left(\frac{3}{2}\pi\right) + i \sin\left(\frac{3}{2}\pi\right)$

(2) $-2 = 2\left(\cos \pi + i \sin \pi\right)$

(3) $-\sqrt{2}i = \sqrt{2}\left(\cos\left(\frac{3}{2}\pi\right) + i \sin\left(\frac{3}{2}\pi\right)\right)$

<21 ページ 極形式 2>

解答

問

$$\begin{aligned}(1) \quad z &= 2\sqrt{3} - 2i \\ &= 4 \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} - \frac{1}{2}i \right) = 4 \left(\cos\left(\frac{11}{6}\pi\right) + i \sin\left(\frac{11}{6}\pi\right) \right) \\ &= 4 \left(\cos\left(-\frac{\pi}{6}\right) + i \sin\left(-\frac{\pi}{6}\right) \right)\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}(2) \quad z &= 1 + i \\ &= \sqrt{2} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}i \right) = \sqrt{2} \left(\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) + i \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) \right)\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}(3) \quad z &= -1 + i \\ &= \sqrt{2} \left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}i \right) = \sqrt{2} \left(\cos\left(\frac{3}{4}\pi\right) + i \sin\left(\frac{3}{4}\pi\right) \right)\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}(4) \quad z &= 4 - 4\sqrt{3}i \\ &= 8 \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}i \right) = 8 \left(\cos\left(\frac{5}{3}\pi\right) + i \sin\left(\frac{5}{3}\pi\right) \right) \\ &= 8 \left(\cos\left(-\frac{\pi}{3}\right) + i \sin\left(-\frac{\pi}{3}\right) \right)\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}(5) \quad z &= -2 - 2\sqrt{3}i \\ &= 4 \left(-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}i \right) = 4 \left(\cos\left(\frac{4}{3}\pi\right) + i \sin\left(\frac{4}{3}\pi\right) \right) \\ &= 4 \left(\cos\left(-\frac{2}{3}\pi\right) + i \sin\left(-\frac{2}{3}\pi\right) \right)\end{aligned}$$

<22 ページ 複素数の積>

解答

問

$$(1) \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} - \frac{1}{2}i \right) z = r \left(\cos\left(\theta + \frac{11}{6}\pi\right) + i \sin\left(\theta + \frac{11}{6}\pi\right) \right)$$

$\frac{11}{6}\pi$ 回転

または

$$r \left(\cos\left(\theta - \frac{1}{6}\pi\right) + i \sin\left(\theta - \frac{1}{6}\pi\right) \right)$$

$-\frac{\pi}{6}$ 回転

$$(2) \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}i \right) z = r \left(\cos\left(\theta + \frac{7}{4}\pi\right) + i \sin\left(\theta + \frac{7}{4}\pi\right) \right)$$

$\frac{7}{4}\pi$ 回転

または

$$r \left(\cos\left(\theta - \frac{\pi}{4}\right) + i \sin\left(\theta - \frac{\pi}{4}\right) \right)$$

$-\frac{\pi}{4}$ 回転

$$(3) iz = r \left(\cos\left(\theta + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + i \sin\left(\theta + \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right)$$

$\frac{\pi}{2}$ 回転

<23 ページ 複素数の商 >

解答

問

$$\begin{aligned}(1) \frac{\sqrt{3} - i}{\sqrt{3} + i} &= \frac{2\left(\cos\left(-\frac{\pi}{6}\right) + i\sin\left(-\frac{\pi}{6}\right)\right)}{2\left(\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right) + i\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right)\right)} \\ &= \cos\left(-\frac{\pi}{3}\right) + i\sin\left(-\frac{\pi}{3}\right)\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}(2) \frac{1 + i}{1 - i} &= \frac{\sqrt{2}\left(\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) + i\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{2}\left(\cos\left(-\frac{\pi}{4}\right) + i\sin\left(-\frac{\pi}{4}\right)\right)} \\ &= \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) + i\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}(3) \frac{\sqrt{3} + i}{1 + i} &= \frac{2\left(\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right) + i\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right)\right)}{\sqrt{2}\left(\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) + i\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)\right)} \\ &= \sqrt{2}\left(\cos\left(-\frac{\pi}{12}\right) + i\sin\left(-\frac{\pi}{12}\right)\right)\end{aligned}$$

<24 ページ ド・モアブルの定理>

解答

問

$$\begin{aligned}(1) \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}+i}{2}\right)^3 &= \left(\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right)+i\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right)\right)^3 \\ &= \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+i\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)=i\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}(2) \left(\frac{-\sqrt{3}+i}{2}\right)^6 &= \left(\cos\left(\frac{5}{6}\pi\right)+i\sin\left(\frac{5}{6}\pi\right)\right)^6 \\ &= \cos(5\pi)+i\sin(5\pi)=-1\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}(3) (-1-i) &= \left(\sqrt{2}\left(\cos\left(\frac{5}{4}\pi\right)+i\sin\left(\frac{5}{4}\pi\right)\right)\right)^8 \\ &= 16(\cos(10\pi)+i\sin(10\pi))=16\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}(4) \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}+i}{1+i}\right)^6 &= \left(\sqrt{2}\left(\cos\left(-\frac{\pi}{12}\right)+i\sin\left(-\frac{\pi}{12}\right)\right)\right)^6 \\ &= 2^3\left(\cos\left(-\frac{\pi}{2}\right)+i\sin\left(-\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right)=-8i\end{aligned}$$

<25 ページ 1 の累乗根>

解答

問 (1) $r^3(\cos(3\theta) + i\sin(3\theta)) = 1$

$$r = 1, \quad 3\theta = 2n\pi$$

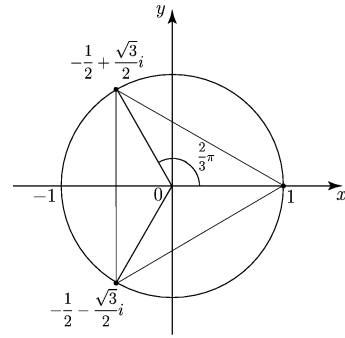
$$\theta = \frac{2n}{3}\pi \quad (n=0,1,2)$$

$$n = 0 \Rightarrow \theta = 0 \Rightarrow z = 1$$

$$n = 1 \Rightarrow \theta = \frac{2}{3}\pi \Rightarrow z = -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}i$$

$$n = 2 \Rightarrow \theta = \frac{4}{3}\pi \Rightarrow z = -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}i$$

(答) $1, \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{3}i}{2}$



(2) $r^4(\cos(4\theta) + i\sin(4\theta)) = 1$

$$r = 1, \quad 4\theta = 2n\pi$$

$$\theta = \frac{1}{2}n\pi \quad (n=0,1,2,3)$$

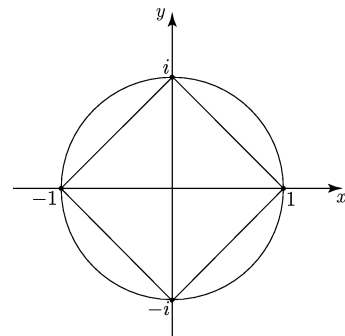
$$n = 0 \Rightarrow \theta = 0 \Rightarrow z = 1$$

$$n = 1 \Rightarrow \theta = \frac{\pi}{2} \Rightarrow z = i$$

$$n = 2 \Rightarrow \theta = \pi \Rightarrow z = -1$$

$$n = 3 \Rightarrow \theta = \frac{3}{2}\pi \Rightarrow z = -i$$

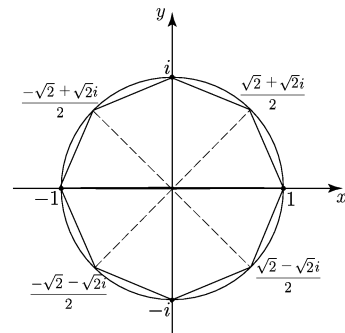
(答) $\pm 1, \pm i$



(3) $r^8(\cos(8\theta) + i\sin(8\theta)) = 1$

$$r = 1, \quad \theta = \frac{2}{8}n\pi = \frac{1}{4}n\pi \quad (n=0,1,2,\dots)$$

(答) $\frac{\sqrt{2} \pm \sqrt{2}i}{2}, \frac{-\sqrt{2} \pm \sqrt{2}i}{2}, \pm 1, \pm i$



<26 ページ 平面上の回転移動>

解答

問

$$(1) \begin{cases} x' = x \cos \left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) - y \sin \left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) = -y \\ y' = x \sin \left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) + y \cos \left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) = x \end{cases}$$

$$(2) \begin{cases} x' = x \cos \left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right) - y \sin \left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right) = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}x - \frac{1}{2}y \\ y' = x \sin \left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right) + y \cos \left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right) = \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}y \end{cases}$$

$$(3) \begin{cases} x' = x \cos \left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) - y \sin \left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}x - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}y \\ y' = x \sin \left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) + y \cos \left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}x + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}y \end{cases}$$

$$(4) \begin{cases} x' = x \cos \theta - y \sin \theta \\ y' = x \sin \theta + y \cos \theta \end{cases}$$

<27 ページ オイラーの公式 1>

解答

問

$$(1) e^{0i} = \cos 0 + i \sin 0 = 1$$

$$(2) e^{\pi i} = \cos \pi + i \sin \pi = -1$$

$$(3) e^{\frac{2}{3}\pi i} = \cos\left(\frac{2}{3}\pi\right) + i \sin\left(\frac{2}{3}\pi\right) = -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}i$$

$$(4) e^{\frac{3}{2}\pi i} = \cos\left(\frac{3}{2}\pi\right) + i \sin\left(\frac{3}{2}\pi\right) = -i$$

$$(5) e^{-\frac{\pi}{4}i} = \cos\left(-\frac{\pi}{4}\right) + i \sin\left(-\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}i$$

$$(6) e^{-\frac{5}{2}\pi i} = \cos\left(-\frac{5}{2}\pi\right) + i \sin\left(-\frac{5}{2}\pi\right) = -i$$

<28 ページ オイラーの公式 2>

解答

問

$$(1) e^{1-\frac{\pi}{2}i} = e^1 \left(\cos \left(-\frac{\pi}{2} \right) + i \sin \left(-\frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right) = -ei$$

$$(2) e^{0+\pi i} = \cos \pi + i \sin \pi = -1$$

$$(3) e^{\frac{1}{2}+\frac{2}{3}\pi i} = e^{\frac{1}{2}} \left(\cos \left(\frac{2}{3}\pi \right) + i \sin \left(\frac{2}{3}\pi \right) \right) \\ = \sqrt{e} \left(-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}i \right)$$

$$(4) e^{2-\frac{2}{3}\pi i} = e^2 \left(-\frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}i \right)$$

$$(5) e^{\frac{1}{2}\log 4+\frac{\pi}{3}i} = e^{\log 2} \left(\cos \frac{\pi}{3} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{3} \right) \\ = 2 \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}i \right) \\ = 1 + \sqrt{3}i$$

$$(6) e^{\log 2+\frac{\pi}{4}i} = 2 \left(\cos \left(\frac{\pi}{4} \right) + i \sin \left(\frac{\pi}{4} \right) \right) \\ = \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2}i$$

<29 ページ 複素数の指数表示>

解答

問1

$$e^{i\theta_1} \times e^{i\theta_2} = e^{i(\theta_1+\theta_2)}$$

問2

$$(1) e^{\frac{2}{3}\pi i} \times e^{\frac{1}{3}\pi i} = e^{\pi i} = \cos \pi + i \sin \pi = -1$$

$$(2) e^{\frac{5}{6}\pi i} \div e^{\frac{1}{3}\pi i} = e^{\left(\frac{5}{6}-\frac{1}{3}\right)\pi i} = e^{\frac{3}{6}\pi i} = \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) + i \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) = i$$

$$(3) \left(e^{\frac{\pi}{5}i}\right)^5 = e^{\pi i} = -1$$

$$(4) \left(e^{\frac{2}{3}\pi i}\right)^6 = e^{4\pi i} = 1$$

<30 ページ 指数法則>

解答

問1

(1) $e^{z_1} e^{z_2} = e^{z_1+z_2}$	(2) $\frac{e^{z_1}}{e^{z_2}} = e^{\boxed{z_1 + z_2}}$
(3) $(e^z)^n = e^{\boxed{nz}}$ (ド・モアブルの定理) $\left(\begin{array}{l} z_1, z_2, z \text{ は複素数} \\ n \text{ は整数} \end{array} \right)$	

問2 (1) $e^{2+3\pi i} \times e^{1-3\pi i} = e^3$

(2) $e^{-2-\frac{\pi}{3}i} \div e^{-3-\frac{\pi}{3}i} = e^{-2-\frac{\pi}{3}i-(-3-\frac{\pi}{3}i)} = e$

(3) $\left(e^{\frac{3}{5}+\frac{\pi}{6}i}\right)^5 = e^{3+\frac{5}{6}\pi i} = e^3 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{1}{2}i\right)$

問3
$$\begin{aligned} \frac{(1-\sqrt{3}i)^7}{(1-i)^6} &= \frac{(2e^{-\frac{\pi}{3}i})^7}{(\sqrt{2}e^{-\frac{\pi}{4}i})^6} = \frac{2^7 e^{-\frac{7}{3}\pi i}}{2^3 e^{-\frac{3}{2}\pi i}} = 2^{7-3} \times e^{(-\frac{7}{3}+\frac{3}{2})\pi i} \\ &= 2^4 \times e^{-\frac{5}{6}\pi i} = 16 \left(\cos\left(-\frac{5}{6}\pi\right) + i \sin\left(-\frac{5}{6}\pi\right) \right) \\ &= 16 \left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} - \frac{1}{2}i \right) = -8\sqrt{3} - 8i \end{aligned}$$

<31 ページ 円関数>

解答

問1 (1) $\cos(i\theta) = \frac{e^{i(i\theta)} + e^{-i(i\theta)}}{2} = \frac{e^{-\theta} + e^{\theta}}{2}$

(2) $(\cos z)^2 = \left(\frac{e^{iz} + e^{-iz}}{2}\right)^2 = \frac{e^{2iz} + 2 + e^{-2iz}}{4}$

問2 (1) $\cos(-iz) + i \sin(-iz)$
 $= \frac{e^{i(-iz)} + e^{-i(-iz)}}{2} + i \times \frac{e^{i(-iz)} - e^{-i(-iz)}}{2i}$
 $= \frac{e^z + e^{-z} + e^z - e^{-z}}{2} = e^z$

(2) $(\cos z)^2 + (\sin z)^2$
 $= \left(\frac{e^{iz} + e^{-iz}}{2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{e^{iz} - e^{-iz}}{2i}\right)^2$
 $= \frac{e^{2iz} + 2 + e^{-2iz}}{4} + \frac{e^{2iz} - 2 + e^{-2iz}}{-4}$
 $= \frac{4}{4} = 1$

<32 ページ 双曲線関数>

解答

問

$$(1) \cosh(i\theta) = \frac{e^{i\theta} + e^{-i\theta}}{2} = \cos \theta$$

$$(2) \cosh(z) + \sinh(z) = \frac{e^z + e^{-z}}{2} + \frac{e^z - e^{-z}}{2} = e^z$$

$$(3) \cosh(a + bi) - \cosh(a - bi) + \sinh(a + bi) - \sinh(a - bi)$$

$$= \frac{e^{a+bi} + e^{-a-bi}}{2} - \frac{e^{a-bi} + e^{-a+bi}}{2} + \frac{e^{a+bi} - e^{-a-bi}}{2} - \frac{e^{a-bi} - e^{-a+bi}}{2}$$

$$= \frac{e^{a+bi} + e^{-a-bi} - e^{a-bi} - e^{-a+bi} + e^{a+bi} - e^{-a-bi} - e^{a-bi} + e^{-a+bi}}{2}$$

$$= e^{a+bi} - e^{a-bi} = e^a(e^{bi} - e^{-bi}) = 2e^a \sin(b)i$$

<33 ページ 微分の復習 1>

解答

問

$$(1) \frac{d}{dx}(e^x) = e^x$$

$$(2) \frac{d}{dx}(e^{5x}) = 5e^{5x}$$

$$(3) \frac{d}{dx}(xe^x) = e^x + xe^x$$

$$(4) \frac{d}{dx}(2xe^{-3x}) = 2e^{-3x} - 6xe^{-3x}$$

$$(5) \frac{d}{dx}(\sin x) = \cos x$$

$$(6) \frac{d}{dx}(\sin(3x)) = 3 \cos(3x)$$

$$(7) \frac{d}{dx}(\cos x) = -\sin x$$

$$(8) \frac{d}{dx}(\cos(2x)) = -2 \sin(2x)$$

$$(9) \frac{d}{dx}(e^x \sin(2x)) = e^x \sin(2x) + 2e^x \cos(2x)$$

$$(10) \frac{d}{dx}(e^{4x} \cos x) = 4e^{4x} \cos(x) - e^{4x} \sin(x)$$

$$(11) \frac{d}{dx}(e^{-x} \sin(2x)) = -e^{-x} \sin(2x) + 2e^{-x} \cos(2x)$$

$$(12) \frac{d}{dx}(e^{-2x} \cos(3x)) = -2e^{-2x} \cos(3x) - 3e^{-2x} \sin(3x)$$

$$(13) \frac{d}{dx}(e^{-3x} \sin(5x)) = -3e^{-3x} \sin(5x) + 5e^{-3x} \cos(5x)$$

$$(14) \frac{d}{dx}(e^{-4x} \cos(7x)) = -4e^{-4x} \cos(7x) - 7e^{-4x} \sin(7x)$$

<34 ページ 微分の復習 2>

解答

問

$$\begin{aligned}(1) \quad & \frac{d}{dt} \left\{ \frac{e^{4t}}{41} (4 \cos(5t) + 5 \sin(5t)) \right\} \\ &= \frac{4}{41} e^{4t} (4 \cos(5t) + 5 \sin(5t)) + \frac{1}{41} e^{4t} (-20 \sin(5t) + 25 \cos(5t)) \\ &= e^{4t} \cos(5t)\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}(2) \quad & \frac{d}{dt} \left\{ \frac{e^{4t}}{41} (-5 \cos(5t) + 4 \sin(5t)) \right\} \\ &= \frac{4}{41} e^{4t} (-5 \cos(5t) + 4 \sin(5t)) + \frac{1}{41} e^{4t} (25 \sin(5t) + 20 \cos(5t)) \\ &= e^{4t} \sin(5t)\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}(3) \quad & \frac{d}{dt} \left\{ \frac{e^{at}}{a^2 + b^2} (a \cos(bt) + b \sin(bt)) \right\} \\ &= \frac{a}{a^2 + b^2} e^{at} (a \cos(bt) + b \sin(bt)) + \frac{1}{a^2 + b^2} e^{at} (-ab \sin(bt) + b^2 \cos(bt)) \\ &= e^{at} \cos(bt)\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}(4) \quad & \frac{d}{dt} \left\{ \frac{e^{at}}{a^2 + b^2} (-b \cos(bt) + a \sin(bt)) \right\} \\ &= \frac{a}{a^2 + b^2} e^{at} (-b \cos(bt) + a \sin(bt)) + \frac{1}{a^2 + b^2} e^{at} (b^2 \sin(bt) + ab \cos(bt)) \\ &= e^{at} \sin(bt)\end{aligned}$$

<35 ページ 複素数値関数の微分 1>

解答

問

$$(1) \frac{dz}{dt} = 6t^5 + 3t^2i$$

$$(2) \frac{dz}{dt} = -b \sin(bt) + bi \cos(bt)$$

$$(3) z(t) = e^{(2+5i)t} = e^{2t}(\cos(5t) + i \sin(5t))$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dz}{dt} &= 2e^{2t}(\cos(5t) + i \sin(5t)) + e^{2t}(-5 \sin(5t) + 5i \cos(5t)) \\ &= (2e^{2t} \cos(5t) - 5e^{2t} \sin(5t)) + i(2e^{2t} \sin(5t) + 5e^{2t} \cos(5t)) \end{aligned}$$

$$(4) z(t) = e^{(a+bi)t} = e^{at}(\cos(bt) + i \sin(bt))$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dz}{dt} &= ae^{at}(\cos(bt) + i \sin(bt)) + e^{at}(-b \sin(bt) + bi \cos(bt)) \\ &= (ae^{at} \cos(bt) - be^{at} \sin(bt)) + i(ae^{at} \sin(bt) + be^{at} \cos(bt)) \end{aligned}$$

<36 ページ 複素数値関数の微分 2>

解答

問

$$(1) \frac{d}{dt}(e^{5it}) = \frac{d}{dt}(\cos(5t) + i \sin(5t)) = -5 \sin(5t) + 5i \cos(5t) \\ = 5i(i \sin(5t) + \cos(5t)) = 5ie^{5it}$$

$$(2) \frac{d}{dt}(e^{bit}) = bie^{bit}$$

$$(3) \frac{d}{dt}(e^{(2+5i)t}) = (2e^{2t} \cos(5t) - 5e^{2t} \sin(5t)) + i(2e^{2t} \sin(5t) + 5e^{2t} \cos(5t)) \\ = e^{2t} \{2 \cos(5t) - 5 \sin(5t) + i(2 \sin(5t) + 5 \cos(5t))\} \\ = e^{2t} \{(2 + 5i) \cos(5t) + (-5 + 2i) \sin(5t)\} \\ = e^{2t}(2 + 5i)(\cos(5t) + i \sin(5t)) = (2 + 5i)e^{(2+5i)t}$$

$$(4) \frac{d}{dt}(e^{(a+bi)t}) = (a + bi)e^{(a+bi)t}$$

<37 ページ 積分の復習 1>

解答

問

$$(1) \int dt = t + C$$

$$(2) \int t^n dt = \frac{1}{n+1} t^{n+1} + C$$

$$(3) \int \frac{1}{y} dy = \log |y| + C$$

$$(4) \int e^u du = e^u + C$$

$$(5) \int \cos v dv = \sin v + C$$

$$(6) \int \sin t dt = -\cos t + C$$

<38 ページ 積分の復習 2>

解答

問

$$(1) \int \cos(3x + 4)dx = \frac{1}{3} \sin(3x + 4) + C$$

$$(2) \int \sin(5x - 2)dx = -\frac{1}{5} \cos(5x - 2) + C$$

$$(3) \int e^{3x+5}dx = \frac{1}{3}e^{3x+5} + C$$

$$(4) \int \frac{1}{5x - 3}dx = \frac{1}{5} \log |5x - 3| + C$$

$$(5) \int (8x + 7)^5 = \frac{1}{48}(8x + 7)^6 + C$$

$$(6) \int \cos(3t)dt = \frac{1}{3} \sin(3t) + C$$

$$(7) \int e^{2t-3}dt = \frac{1}{2}e^{2t-3} + C$$

$$(8) \int \cos(at + b)dt = \frac{1}{a} \sin(at + b) + C$$

$$(9) \int \sin(at + b)dt = -\frac{1}{a} \cos(at + b) + C$$

$$(10) \int e^{at+b}dt = \frac{1}{a}e^{at+b} + C$$

<39 ページ 複素数値関数の積分 1>

解答

問

$$(1) \int (t^3 + t^5 i) dt = \frac{1}{4} t^4 + \frac{1}{6} t^6 i + C$$

$$(2) \int (\cos t + i \sin t) dt = \sin t - i \cos t + C$$

$$(3) \int (e^{2t} + i \cos(3t)) dt = \frac{1}{2} e^{2t} + \frac{1}{3} \sin(3t) i + C$$

$$(4) \int (\sin(2t) + e^{3t} i) dt = -\frac{1}{2} \cos(2t) + \frac{1}{3} e^{3t} i + C$$

<40 ページ 複素数値関数の積分 2>

解答

問

$$(1) \int e^{5it} dt = \frac{1}{5i} e^{5it} + C$$

$$(2) \int e^{bit} dt = \frac{1}{bi} e^{bit} + C$$

$$(3) \int e^{(2+5i)t} dt = \frac{1}{2+5i} e^{(2+5i)t} + C$$

$$(4) \int e^{(a+bi)t} dt = \frac{1}{a+bi} e^{(a+bi)t} + C$$